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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/575,725	04/13/2006	Koichi Hasegawa	2006_0570A	1683
	7590 09/19/200 , LIND & PONACK, I	EXAMINER		
2033 K STREET N. W.			MORILLO, JANELL COMBS	
SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20006-1021			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1793	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/19/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/575,725	HASEGAWA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Janelle Morillo	1793			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 A _I	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accessory	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r.	≣xaminer.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 041306.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 2, 4, and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Croce (US 6,841,012).

Croce teaches a silver alloy product comprising (in weight%): 99.76% Ag, 0.0253% Zn, 0.3830% Cu, 0.0053% P (Ex. 6 column 9), which falls within the claimed ranges of Zn, Cu, P (cl. 1, 2, 4, 6). Croce teaches that said alloy can be formed by casting into bars, and further rolling into desired shape (column 7 lines 14-15). Concerning the preamble limitation of "a thin film-forming sputtering target", the term "sputtering target material" in the instant claim does not impart any specific physical configuration to the claimed material, and therefore the prior art material is held to be as useful in sputtering targets as is the claimed material. The phrase "thin film forming" is held to be an intended use of said alloy. The Ag alloy of identical composition is inherently held to be as "high reflectance" as the instant alloy. Because Croce teaches an example within the presently claimed alloying ranges, it is held that Croce anticipates the instant invention.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 3, 5, 7, and 8 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Croce (US 6,841,012). Croce is discussed in paragraphs above.

Croce teaches an Ag alloy with overlapping ranges of Zn, Cu, P (example 6, see also column 3 Table 1). Croce further teaches 0-2% Au can be contained in said alloy (Table 1), which overlaps the claimed range of Au.

Overlapping ranges have been held to be a prima facie case of obviousness, see MPEP § 2144.05. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to select any portion of the range, including the claimed range, from the broader range disclosed in the prior art, because the prior art finds that said composition in the entire disclosed range has a suitable utility.

Additionally, "The normal desire of scientists or artisans to improve upon what is already generally known provides the motivation to determine where in a disclosed set of percentage ranges is the optimum combination of percentages," In re Peterson, 65 USPQ2d at 1379 (CAFC 2003). Because Croce teaches overlapping alloying ranges, it is held that Croce has created a prima facie case of obviousness of the presently claimed invention.

5. Claims 9-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Croce as applied to claims 1-8 above, and further in view of ASM Handbooks Online, Vol. 5 Surface Engineering, p 1.

Croce teaches rolling the silver alloy into a final product form (such as a sheet), but does not teach forming a thin film of said alloy. However, ASM Vol 5 teaches that sputtering is well known to produce thin films of an unlimited source of metals and metal alloys (p. 1). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have formed the alloy taught by Croce into a thin film sputtered from the Ag rolled sheet of Croce, because ASM Vol 5 teaches that sputtering is well known to produce thin films of such metal alloys (p. 1).

Changes in size, shape, or sequence of adding ingredients is prima facie obvious in the absence of new or unexpected results (see MPEP 2144.04).

With respect to the alloy composition taught by Croce, see above discussion of claims 1-8.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Janelle Morillo whose telephone number is (571) 272-1240. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30 am- 4:00 pm Mon-Wed.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Roy King can be reached on (571) 272-1244. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Roy King/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1793

/J. M./ Examiner, Art Unit 1793 September 11, 2008